

# STX+ Stability Analysis for Steel

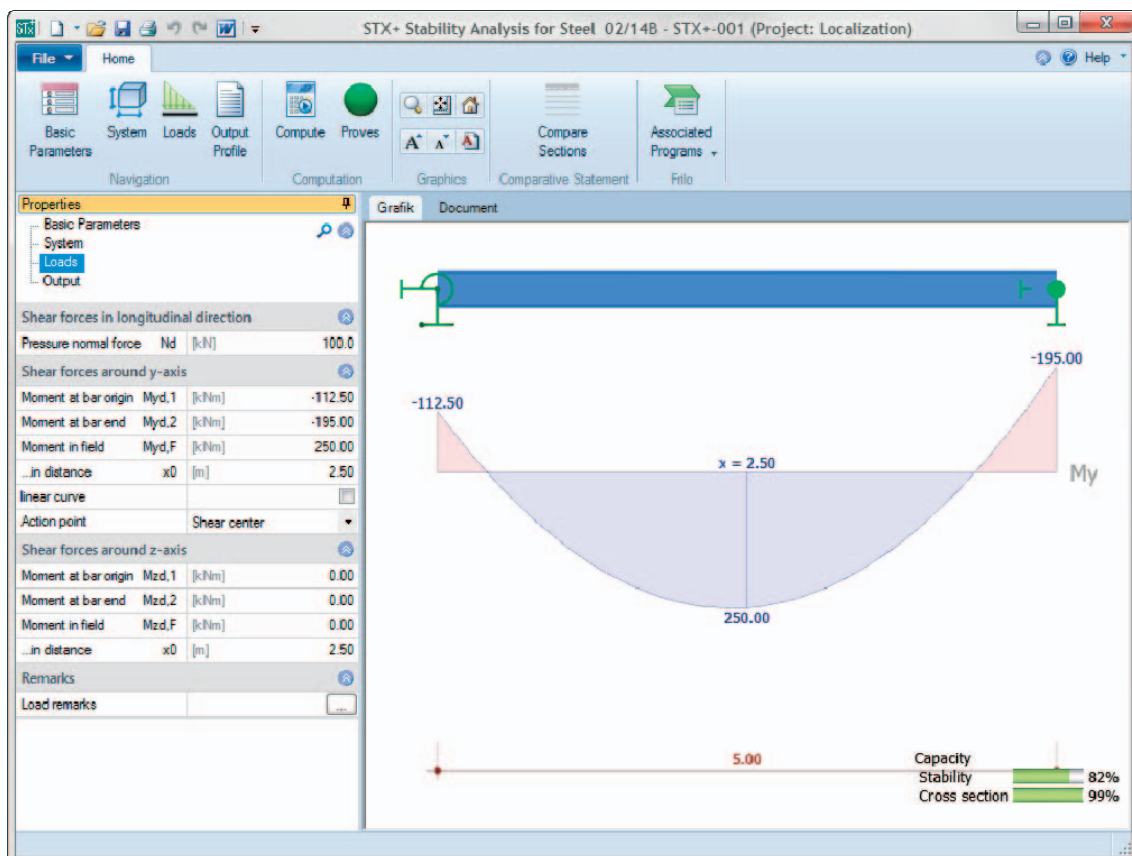
FRILO Software GmbH

[www.friilo.com](http://www.friilo.com)

[info@friilo.com](mailto:info@friilo.com)

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## Frilo Application: STX+ - Stability Verification

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Further information and descriptions are available in the relevant documentations:

<a href="#">FDC – Basic Operating Instructions</a>	General instructions for the manipulation of the user interface
<a href="#">FDC – Menu items</a>	General description of the typical menu items of Frilo software applications
<a href="#">FDC – Output and printing</a>	Output and printing
<a href="#">FDC - Import and export</a>	Interfaces to other applications (ASCII, RTF, DXF ...)
<a href="#">FCC</a>	Frilo.Control.Center - the easy-to-use administration module for projects and items
<a href="#">FDD</a>	Frilo.Document.Designer - document management based on PDF
<a href="#">Frilo.System.Next</a>	Installation, configuration, network, database

## Application options

The STX+ application allows you to verify the stability of single-piece members with fork supports in accordance with EN 1993 (equivalent member method).

Optionally, you can put out either the elastic cross-section verifications on the stress level or the analysis of the plastic internal limit forces.

Systematic central compression, uniaxial bending with or without axial force and biaxial bending are the definable actions.

The stability verifications are limited to double-symmetrical cross sections.

### Available standards

- DIN EN 1993
- ÖNORM EN 1993
- BS EN 1993

*Note: DIN EN 1993-1-1 does not specify any design rules for eccentrically loaded beams with U-channel section (i.e. not loaded in the centre of shear). These beams are not only under bending but also under systematic torsional loading.*

## Data entry

Help texts and information on each parameter to be defined are an integral part of the user interface. Clicking in an input field displays a description of the corresponding value in the information area.

A general description of the user interface is available in the document:

▶ [Basic operating instructions FDC-MFL\\_eng.pdf](#)

## Basic parameters

### Standard and safety concept

Definition of the design standard and its national annex

### Structural safety

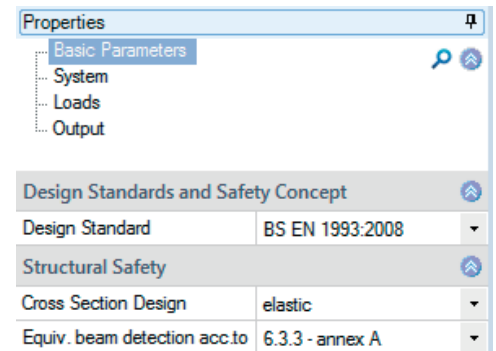
Cross section design

plastic:  
verification of the cross section in accordance with the theory of elasticity (stress analysis).

elastic:  
verification of the cross section with utilisation of the plastic cross-sectional resistance (limit internal forces).

Equivalent member method as per

the calculation of the interaction factors for the component verification under compression and bending loads (eq. 6.61 and 6.62) is performed in accordance with Annex A or B of DIN EN 1993-1-1.




## Structural system

In this section, you can define the material properties, the system dimensions and the support conditions.

### Member properties

**Length l** specification of the length of the individual member

**Cross section** you can select among all standards shapes of the FRILO profile selection file such as double-symmetrical I-profiles (double T), rectangular pipes etc. Just click on the  button.



You can find a description of the profile selection dialog in the document ▶ [Select - edit cross section eng.pdf](#)

### Supports

The specification of "0.0" defines a free support in the corresponding direction.

An elastic support is defined by specifying a spring stiffness in the corresponding direction.

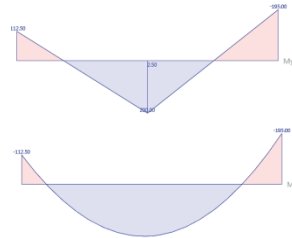
The horizontal support at the front end of the member is always rigid.

Properties			
Basic Parameters			
System			
Loads			
Output			
Material			
Type of steel	structural steel		
Steel grade	S235		
Characteristic values	...		
Bar properties			
Length	l	[m]	5.00
Cross section	HEA 320		
Bearing at bar origin			
Displacement in y-direction	uy		rigid <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Displacement in z-direction	uz		rigid <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Rotation about z-axis	phiy	[kNm/rad]	5.0
Rotation about z-axis	phiz	[kNm/rad]	2.0
Bearing at bar end			
Displacement in y-direction	uy		rigid <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Displacement in z-direction	uz		rigid <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Rotation about z-axis	phiy	[kNm/rad]	0.0
Rotation about z-axis	phiz	[kNm/rad]	0.0
Remarks			
System remarks	Bemerkungen zum S <sub>y</sub> <input type="text"/>		

## Loading

All actions are specified as internal design forces.

- Nd** axial force  $N_d$  - compressive force shall be defined with a positive sign.
- Myd,1** design value of the internal moment about the y-axis at the front end of the member
- Myd,1** design value of the internal moment about the y-axis at the rear end of the member
- Myd,F** design value of the internal moment about the y-axis at point  $x_0$  in the span
- Moment behaviour** allows you to specify whether the moment behaviour is linear or parabola-shaped. If you do not define a span moment, the behaviour is always linear.



Shear forces in longitudinal direction			
Pressure normal force	Nd	[kN]	100.0
Shear forces around y-axis			
Moment at bar origin	Myd,1	[kNm]	-112.50
Moment at bar end	Myd,2	[kNm]	-195.00
Moment in field	Myd,F	[kNm]	250.00
...in distance	x0	[m]	2.50
linear curve			<input type="checkbox"/>
Action point	Shear center		
Shear forces around z-axis			
Moment at bar origin	Mzd,1	[kNm]	0.00
Moment at bar end	Mzd,2	[kNm]	0.00
Moment in field	Mzd,F	[kNm]	0.00
...in distance	x0	[m]	2.50
Remarks			
Load remarks			

- Load application** load application point of the transverse loading which is responsible for the span moment. The top edge of the cross section always runs in the negative x-direction, the bottom edge in the positive z-direction.

Action point	Shear center	▼
Shear forces around z-axis	Shear center	
	Upper edge	
	Lower edge	
Moment at bar origin	Mzd,1	

- Mz...** Moment behaviour  $M_z$  about z (at the front/rear end of the member, in the span, in accordance with Myd)

## Comparative calculation of profile sections

Click on the "Compare profile" button to perform a comparative calculation with the next smaller/large profile of the series.

Click on one of the listed profiles to integrate it into the system.

The screenshot shows the 'Comparative Statement' dialog box. At the top, there are two buttons: 'Compare Sections' and 'Associated Programs'. Below them, the text 'Comparative Statement' and 'Frio' are visible. The main part of the dialog is a table with the following data:

Name	Stability	Cross Section
HEA 100	68.15	14.89
HEA 260	1.36	1.50
HEA 280	1.11	1.30
HEA 400	0.48	0.64
HEA 360	0.58	0.79
HEA 340	0.66	0.88
HEA 320	0.74	0.99
HEA 300	0.88	1.11
HEA 1000	0.11	0.17

At the bottom of the dialog, there are two buttons: 'Apply' and 'Cancel'.



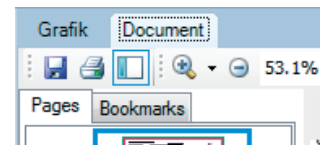
## Output

A general description of the output options is available in the document:

▶ [FDC - Output and printing\\_eng.pdf](#)

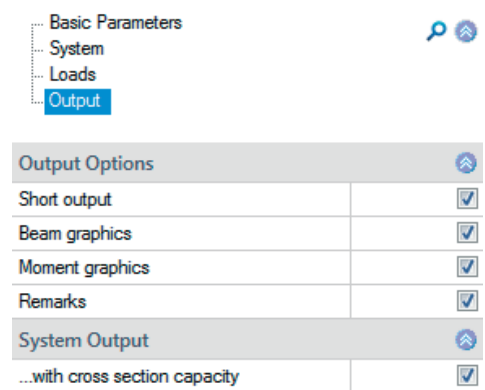
### View selection

The Graph/Document tabs of the view selection allow you to toggle between the graphical representation in the GUI and the preview of the output document.



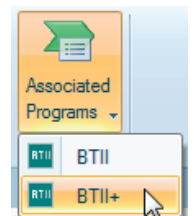
### Output options

Output profile the dialog offers comprehensive options for the control of the output scope.



### Transfer of the system and the loading

If you have a valid licence for the BTII application (2<sup>nd</sup> Order Buckling Torsion Analyses) you can transfer the structural system to BTII for further calculations. BTII allows the calculation of more complex systems with consideration of e.g. lateral supports.



## Reference literature

DIN EN 1993-1-1, Eurocode 3: *Design of steel structures - Part 1 - 1: General rules and rules for buildings*, December 2010